

Contents

<i>Preface</i>	vii
1. Manifolds	1
1.1 Preliminaries	1
1.1.1 Space and Coordinatization	1
1.1.2 The implicit function theorem	3
1.2 Smooth manifolds	6
1.2.1 Basic definitions	6
1.2.2 Partitions of unity	9
1.2.3 Examples	9
1.2.4 How many manifolds are there?	19
2. Natural Constructions on Manifolds	23
2.1 The tangent bundle	23
2.1.1 Tangent spaces	23
2.1.2 The tangent bundle	26
2.1.3 Sard's Theorem	28
2.1.4 Vector bundles	32
2.1.5 Some examples of vector bundles	37
2.2 A linear algebra interlude	41
2.2.1 Tensor products	41
2.2.2 Symmetric and skew-symmetric tensors	46
2.2.3 The "super" slang	53
2.2.4 Duality	56
2.2.5 Some complex linear algebra	64
2.3 Tensor fields	69
2.3.1 Operations with vector bundles	69
2.3.2 Tensor fields	70
2.3.3 Fiber bundles	74

3.	Calculus on Manifolds	81
3.1	The Lie derivative	81
3.1.1	Flows on manifolds	81
3.1.2	The Lie derivative	83
3.1.3	Examples	88
3.2	Derivations of $\Omega^\bullet(M)$	91
3.2.1	The exterior derivative	91
3.2.2	Examples	96
3.3	Connections on vector bundles	97
3.3.1	Covariant derivatives	97
3.3.2	Parallel transport	102
3.3.3	The curvature of a connection	104
3.3.4	Holonomy	106
3.3.5	The Bianchi identities	110
3.3.6	Connections on tangent bundles	111
3.4	Integration on manifolds	113
3.4.1	Integration of 1-densities	113
3.4.2	Orientability and integration of differential forms	118
3.4.3	Stokes' formula	126
3.4.4	Representations and characters of compact Lie groups	130
3.4.5	Fibered calculus	137
4.	Riemannian Geometry	141
4.1	Metric properties	141
4.1.1	Definitions and examples	141
4.1.2	The Levi-Civita connection	145
4.1.3	The exponential map and normal coordinates	150
4.1.4	The length minimizing property of geodesics	152
4.1.5	Calculus on Riemann manifolds	158
4.2	The Riemann curvature	168
4.2.1	Definitions and properties	168
4.2.2	Examples	172
4.2.3	Cartan's moving frame method	174
4.2.4	The geometry of submanifolds	178
4.2.5	The Gauss-Bonnet theorem for oriented surfaces	184
5.	Elements of the Calculus of Variations	193
5.1	The least action principle	193
5.1.1	The 1-dimensional Euler-Lagrange equations	193
5.1.2	Noether's conservation principle	199
5.2	The variational theory of geodesics	203
5.2.1	Variational formulæ	203

5.2.2	Jacobi fields	207
6.	The Fundamental Group and Covering Spaces	215
6.1	The fundamental group	216
6.1.1	Basic notions	216
6.1.2	Of categories and functors	220
6.2	Covering Spaces	222
6.2.1	Definitions and examples	222
6.2.2	Unique lifting property	224
6.2.3	Homotopy lifting property	225
6.2.4	On the existence of lifts	226
6.2.5	The universal cover and the fundamental group	228
7.	Cohomology	231
7.1	DeRham cohomology	231
7.1.1	Speculations around the Poincaré lemma	231
7.1.2	Čech vs. DeRham	235
7.1.3	Very little homological algebra	237
7.1.4	Functorial properties of the DeRham cohomology	244
7.1.5	Some simple examples	247
7.1.6	The Mayer-Vietoris principle	249
7.1.7	The Künneth formula	253
7.2	The Poincaré duality	255
7.2.1	Cohomology with compact supports	255
7.2.2	The Poincaré duality	259
7.3	Intersection theory	263
7.3.1	Cycles and their duals	263
7.3.2	Intersection theory	268
7.3.3	The topological degree	274
7.3.4	Thom isomorphism theorem	276
7.3.5	Gauss-Bonnet revisited	279
7.4	Symmetry and topology	283
7.4.1	Symmetric spaces	284
7.4.2	Symmetry and cohomology	287
7.4.3	The cohomology of compact Lie groups	290
7.4.4	Invariant forms on Grassmannians and Weyl's integral formula	292
7.4.5	The Poincaré polynomial of a complex Grassmannian	299
7.5	Čech cohomology	305
7.5.1	Sheaves and presheaves	305
7.5.2	Čech cohomology	310

8.	Characteristic Classes	321
8.1	Chern-Weil Theory	321
8.1.1	Connections on principal G -bundles	321
8.1.2	G -vector bundles	327
8.1.3	Invariant polynomials	328
8.1.4	The Chern-Weil theory	331
8.2	Important examples	335
8.2.1	The invariants of the torus T^n	335
8.2.2	Chern classes	335
8.2.3	Pontryagin classes	338
8.2.4	The Euler class	340
8.2.5	Universal classes	344
8.3	Computing characteristic classes	350
8.3.1	Reductions	351
8.3.2	The Gauss-Bonnet-Chern theorem	356
9.	Classical Integral Geometry	367
9.1	The integral geometry of real Grassmannians	367
9.1.1	Co-area formulæ	367
9.1.2	Invariant measures on linear Grassmannians	378
9.1.3	Affine Grassmannians	388
9.2	Gauss-Bonnet again!?!?	390
9.2.1	The shape operator and the second fundamental form of a submanifold in \mathbb{R}^n	391
9.2.2	The Gauss-Bonnet theorem for hypersurfaces of a Euclidean space	393
9.2.3	Gauss-Bonnet theorem for domains of a Euclidean space	399
9.3	Curvature measures	402
9.3.1	Tame geometry	402
9.3.2	Invariants of the orthogonal group	408
9.3.3	The tube formula and curvature measures	412
9.3.4	Tube formula \implies Gauss-Bonnet formula for arbitrary submanifolds	423
9.3.5	Curvature measures of domains of a Euclidean space	425
9.3.6	Crofton formulæ for domains of a Euclidean space	427
9.3.7	Crofton formulæ for submanifolds of a Euclidean space	438
10.	Elliptic Equations on Manifolds	445
10.1	Partial differential operators: algebraic aspects	445
10.1.1	Basic notions	445
10.1.2	Examples	451
10.1.3	Formal adjoints	454

10.2	Functional framework	460
10.2.1	Sobolev spaces in \mathbb{R}^N	460
10.2.2	Embedding theorems: integrability properties	467
10.2.3	Embedding theorems: differentiability properties	471
10.2.4	Functional spaces on manifolds	475
10.3	Elliptic partial differential operators: analytic aspects	479
10.3.1	Elliptic estimates in \mathbb{R}^N	480
10.3.2	Elliptic regularity	485
10.3.3	An application: prescribing the curvature of surfaces	490
10.4	Elliptic operators on compact manifolds	500
10.4.1	Fredholm theory	500
10.4.2	Spectral theory	510
10.4.3	Hodge theory	514
11.	Dirac Operators	519
11.1	The structure of Dirac operators	519
11.1.1	Basic definitions and examples	519
11.1.2	Clifford algebras	522
11.1.3	Clifford modules: the even case	526
11.1.4	Clifford modules: the odd case	530
11.1.5	A look ahead	531
11.1.6	<i>Spin</i>	533
11.1.7	<i>Spin</i> ^c	542
11.1.8	Low dimensional examples	544
11.1.9	Dirac bundles	549
11.2	Fundamental examples	553
11.2.1	The Hodge-DeRham operator	553
11.2.2	The Hodge-Dolbeault operator	558
11.2.3	The <i>spin</i> Dirac operator	564
11.2.4	The <i>spin</i> ^c Dirac operator	570
	<i>Bibliography</i>	579
	<i>Index</i>	583