

# Contents

<i>Preface</i>	v
<i>List of Contributors</i>	vii
1. Basic Knowledge and Modeling on Epidemic Dynamics	1
1.1 Introduction . . . . .	1
1.2 The Fundamental Forms of Epidemic Models . . . . .	6
1.2.1 Two fundamental dynamic models of epidemics . . . . .	6
1.2.2 Fundamental forms of compartment models . . . . .	10
1.3 Basic Concepts of Epidemiologic Dynamics . . . . .	14
1.3.1 Adequate contact rate and incidence . . . . .	14
1.3.2 Basic reproductive number and modified reproductive number . . . . .	16
1.3.3 Average lifespan and average infection age . . . . .	22
1.4 Epidemic Models with Various Factors . . . . .	25
1.4.1 Epidemic models with latent period . . . . .	25
1.4.2 Epidemic models with time delay . . . . .	27
1.4.3 Epidemic models with prevention, control, or treatment . . . . .	35
1.4.4 Epidemic models with multiple groups . . . . .	46
1.4.5 Epidemic models with age structure . . . . .	63
1.4.6 Epidemic models with impulses . . . . .	71
1.4.7 Epidemic models with migration . . . . .	74
1.4.8 Epidemic models with time-dependent coefficients . . . . .	79

2.	Ordinary Differential Equations Epidemic Models	83
2.1	Simple SIRS Epidemic Models with Vital Dynamics . . .	84
2.1.1	SIRS models with constant immigration and exponential death . . . . .	85
2.1.2	SIRS models with logistic growth . . . . .	89
2.2	Epidemic Models with Latent Period . . . . .	96
2.2.1	Preliminaries . . . . .	97
2.2.2	Applications . . . . .	102
2.3	Epidemic Models with Immigration or Dispersal . . . . .	113
2.3.1	Epidemic models with immigration . . . . .	113
2.3.2	Epidemic models with dispersal . . . . .	120
2.4	Epidemic Models with Multiple Groups . . . . .	126
2.4.1	The global stability of epidemic model only with differential susceptibility . . . . .	131
2.4.2	The global stability of epidemic model only with differential infectivity . . . . .	133
2.5	Epidemic Models with Different Populations . . . . .	135
2.5.1	Disease spread in prey–predator system . . . . .	136
2.5.2	Disease spread in competitive population systems . . . . .	144
2.6	Epidemic Models with Control and Prevention . . . . .	150
2.6.1	Epidemic models with quarantine . . . . .	150
2.6.2	Epidemic models with vaccination . . . . .	155
2.6.3	Epidemic models with treatment . . . . .	164
2.7	Bifurcation . . . . .	169
2.7.1	Backward bifurcation . . . . .	170
2.7.2	Hopf and Bogdanov–Takens bifurcations . . . . .	177
2.8	Persistence of Epidemic Models . . . . .	186
2.8.1	Persistence of epidemic models of autonomous ordinary differential equations . . . . .	187
2.8.2	Persistence of epidemic models of nonautonomous ordinary differential system . . .	196
3.	Modeling of Epidemics with Delays and Spatial Heterogeneity	201
3.1	Model Formulations . . . . .	201
3.1.1	Models incorporating delays . . . . .	201
3.1.2	Patchy models . . . . .	205
3.2	Basic Techniques for Stability of Delayed Models . . . .	213

3.3	An <i>SIS</i> Epidemic Model with Vaccination . . . . .	218
3.4	An <i>SIS</i> Epidemic Model for Vector-Borne Diseases . . . . .	222
3.5	Stability Switches and Ultimate Stability . . . . .	226
3.6	An <i>SEIRS</i> Epidemic Model with Two Delays . . . . .	235
3.7	Quiescence of Epidemics in a Patch Model . . . . .	240
3.8	Basic Reproductive Numbers in ODE Models . . . . .	245
3.9	Basic Reproductive Numbers of Models with Delays . . . . .	250
3.10	Fisher Waves in an Epidemic Model . . . . .	256
3.11	Propagation of HBV with Spatial Dependence . . . . .	266
4.	The Epidemic Models with Impulsive Effects . . . . .	273
4.1	Basic Theory on Impulsive Differential Equations . . . . .	273
4.1.1	Differential equations with impulses . . . . .	273
4.1.2	Existence and uniqueness of solutions . . . . .	275
4.1.3	Comparison principle . . . . .	277
4.1.4	Linear homogeneous impulsive periodic systems and Floquet theory . . . . .	280
4.2	<i>SIR</i> Epidemic Model with Pulse Vaccination . . . . .	282
4.2.1	<i>SIR</i> epidemic models with pulse vaccination and disease-induced death . . . . .	282
4.2.2	<i>SIR</i> epidemic model without disease-induced death . . . . .	292
4.3	<i>SIRS</i> Epidemic Model with Pulse Vaccination . . . . .	295
4.3.1	<i>SIRS</i> model with pulse vaccination and standard incidence rate . . . . .	296
4.3.2	<i>SIRS</i> model with pulse vaccination and nonmonotonic incidence rate . . . . .	301
4.4	<i>SIS</i> Epidemic Model with Pulse Vaccination . . . . .	306
4.5	<i>SEIR</i> Epidemic Model with Pulse Vaccination . . . . .	309
4.6	<i>SI</i> Epidemic Model with Birth Pulse . . . . .	312
4.6.1	The model with constant births . . . . .	313
4.6.2	The model with birth pulse . . . . .	314
4.7	<i>SIR</i> Epidemic Model with Constant Recruitment and Birth Pulse . . . . .	317
4.7.1	The model with constant birth . . . . .	317
4.7.2	The model with pulse birth . . . . .	319
4.7.3	The comparison between constant and pulse births . . . . .	329

4.8	SIR Epidemic Models with Pulse Birth and Standard Incidence . . . . .	331
4.8.1	The existence and local stability of disease-free periodic solution . . . . .	332
4.8.2	The global stability of disease-free periodic solution . . . . .	333
4.8.3	The uniform persistence of the infection . . . . .	337
4.9	SIR Epidemic Model with Nonlinear Birth Pulses . . . . .	342
4.9.1	Existence and stability of the disease-free periodic solution . . . . .	343
4.9.2	Existence of positive T-periodic solutions and bifurcation . . . . .	351
4.10	SI Epidemic Model with Birth Pulses and Seasonality . . . . .	361
4.10.1	Existence and local stability of disease-free periodic solution . . . . .	362
4.10.2	Bifurcation analysis . . . . .	366
4.10.3	Global stability of disease-free periodic solution . . . . .	367
5.	Structured Epidemic Models . . . . .	371
5.1	Stage-Structured Models . . . . .	372
5.1.1	A discrete epidemic model with stage structure . . . . .	373
5.1.2	Epidemic models with differential infectivity structure . . . . .	378
5.2	Age-Structured Models . . . . .	385
5.2.1	Model formulation . . . . .	385
5.2.2	Existence of equilibrium . . . . .	387
5.2.3	Stability of equilibria . . . . .	389
5.3	Infection-Age-Structured Models . . . . .	392
5.3.1	An infection-age-structured model with vaccination . . . . .	392
5.3.2	An epidemic model with two age structures . . . . .	396
5.4	Discrete Models . . . . .	399
5.4.1	The model formulation . . . . .	400
5.4.2	The existence of the endemic equilibrium . . . . .	403
5.4.3	The stability of the disease-free equilibrium . . . . .	404

5.4.4	The stability of the endemic equilibrium . . . . .	406
5.4.5	Special cases . . . . .	410
6.	Applications of Epidemic Modeling	415
6.1	SARS Transmission Models . . . . .	416
6.1.1	SARS epidemics and modeling . . . . .	416
6.1.2	A simple model for SARS prediction . . . . .	419
6.1.3	A discrete SARS transmission model . . . . .	425
6.1.4	A continuous SARS model with more groups . . .	431
6.2	HIV Transmission Models . . . . .	437
6.2.1	The severity of HIV transmission . . . . .	437
6.2.2	An age-structured model for the AIDS epidemic . . . . .	440
6.2.3	Discrete model with infection age structure . . .	446
6.3	TB Transmission Models . . . . .	453
6.3.1	Global and regional TB transmission . . . . .	453
6.3.2	A TB model with exogenous reinfection . . . . .	455
6.3.3	TB models with fast and slow progression, case detection, and two treatment stages . . . . .	457
6.3.4	TB model with immigration . . . . .	460
	Bibliography	469
	Index	493